#### Rationale:

MSB will meet the needs of all students. Modification to the Physical Education Curriculum for students with special needs will be developed by special program guides or on the recommendations of a program specialist. Appropriate modifications will be developed at the Pre-Kindergarten, elementary, middle school, and high school levels. Adaptive Physical Education creates an opportunity for students with special needs to engage in physical activities in order to improve their physical fitness. Sensory integration is also important so students develop the ability to take in, sort out, and organize information from the body and the world around them. When a visual impairment is present, in addition to a sensory integration dysfunction, it is extremely important for a student to further develop his ability to use sensory information. Three major areas: tactile (sense of touch), vestibular (sense of balance), and proprioception (input from muscles to joints) will be reinforced based on therapist guidance and instruction. To achieve the best results, providing a variety of activities is important. Students engage in lifetime sports, activities and team sports, and cooperate with others.

#### **Course Description:**

The goals of the adaptive physical education program are to develop physical fitness, fundamental motor skills, fundamental locomotors skills, and the ability to use them in group games and sports, and to develop skills in aquatics and dance. Services are provided until the student has improved his/her fitness and motor capabilities enough to successfully return to the regular physical education program. Adaptive physical education services are provided for children in the school who have been identified as having motor, fitness, and/or coordination needs in combination with other exceptional education needs. Other exceptional educational needs include such disabilities as mental retardation, hearing, speech, or visual impairments, emotional disturbances, orthopedic or other health impairments, or learning disabilities. Adaptive physical education may be provided as a supplement to regular physical education class when only extra help is needed or it may become the main source of physical education when the child can no longer successfully participate in a mainstreamed situation. Most importantly, students will learn fitness and wellness concepts necessary to live a healthy life.

# Missouri School for the Blind



Adapted Physical Education

#### **National Standards**

Federal law (PL 94-142, PL 101-476, PL 105-17) mandates that physical education be provided to students with disabilities and defines Physical Education as the development of: physical and motor skills, fundamental motor skills and patterns (throwing, catching, walking, running, etc), and skills in aquatics, dance, and individual and group games and sports (including intramural and lifetime sports). Adapted Physical Education is Physical Education which has been adapted or modified, so that it is as appropriate for the person with a disability as it is for a person without a disability. The Individuals with Disabilities Education Act (1990) uses the term disability as a diagnostic category that qualifies students for special services. These categories are:

- Autism
- Deaf Blindness
- Deafness
- Hearing impairment
- Mental retardation
- Multiple disabilities
- Orthopedic impairment
- Other health impairment
- Serious emotional disturbance
- Specific learning disability
- Speech or language impairment
- Traumatic brain injury
- Visual impairment including blindness

The services provided by an APE teacher are (adapted from Sherrill, 1998):

- Planning services
- Assessment of Individuals /Ecosystems
- Prescription/Placement: The IEP
- Teaching/Counseling/Coaching

- Evaluation of Services
- Coordination of Resources and Consulting
- Advocacy

The state of Missouri does not offer state GLE's or alternate GLE's in adapted physical education. The Missouri School for the Blind in accordance with best practice believes Adapted Physical Education teachers should exhibit knowledge and ability in the following area of National Standards:

#### Standard 1 HUMAN DEVELOPMENT

The foundation of proposed goals and activities for individuals with disabilities is grounded in a basic understanding of human development and its applications to those with various needs. For the adapted physical education teacher, this implies familiarity with theories and practices related to human development. The emphasis within this standard focuses on knowledge and skills helpful in providing quality APE programs.

#### Standard 2 MOTOR BEHAVIOR

Teaching individuals with disabilities requires some knowledge of how individuals develop. In the case of APE teachers, it means having knowledge of typical physical and motor development as well as understanding the influence of developmental delays on these processes. It also means understanding how individuals learn motor skills and apply principles of motor learning during the planning and teaching of physical education to students with disabilities.

#### Standard 3 EXERCISE SCIENCE

As an adapted physical educator, you must understand that modifications to the scientific principles of exercise and the application of these principles may be needed

### **Adapted Physical Education**

when teaching individuals with disabilities to ensure that all children with disabilities enjoy similar benefits of exercise. While there is a wealth of information in the foundational sciences, the focus of this standard will be on the principles that address the physiological and biomechanical applications encountered when working with diverse populations.

#### **Standard 4 MEASUREMENT & EVALUATION**

This standard is one of the foundation standards underscoring the background an adapted physical educator should have in order to comply with the mandates of legislation and meet the needs of students. Understanding the measurement of motor performance, to a large extent, is based on a good grasp of motor development and the acquisition of motor skills covered in other standards.

#### **Standard 5 HISTORY & PHILOSOPHY**

This standard traces facts regarding legal and philosophical factors involved in current day practices in adapted physical education. This information is important to understand the changing contribution that physical education can make in their lives. Major components of each law that related to education and physical activity are emphasized. The review of history and philosophy related to special and general education is also covered in this area.

#### Standard 6 UNIQUE ATTRIBUTES OF LEARNERS

Standard 6 refers to information based on the disability areas identified in the Individuals with Disabilities Education Act (IDEA) found within school age population. Material is categorically organized in order to present the information in a systematic matter. This organization is not intended to advocate a categorical approach to teaching children with disabilities. All children should be treated as individuals and assessed to determine what needs they have.

## Standard 7 CURRICULUM THEORY AND DEVELOPMENT

As you are planning to teach physical education to students with disabilities, you should recognize that certain Curriculum Theory and Development concepts, such as selecting goals based on relevant and appropriate assessments, must be understood by APE teachers. As you have no doubt discovered Curriculum Theory and Development is more then writing unit and lesson plans. Nowhere does this come into play more than when you are planning a program for a student with disability.

#### Standard 8 ASSESSMENT

This standard addresses the process of assessment, one that is commonly taught as part of the basic measurement and evaluation course in a physical education degree curriculum. Assessment goes beyond data gathering to include measurements for the purpose of making decisions about special services and program components for individuals with disabilities.



# Standard 9 INSTRUCTIONAL DESIGN AND PLANNING

Instructional design and planning must be developed before an APE teacher can provide services to meet legal mandates, educational goals and most importantly the unique needs of individuals with disabilities. Many of the

principles addressed earlier in human development, motor behavior, exercise science and curriculum theory and development are applied to this standard in order to successfully design and plan programs of physical education.

#### **Standard 10 TEACHING**

A major part of any APE position is teaching. In this standard many of the principles addressed earlier in such standard areas as human development, motor behavior, and exercise science, are applied to this standard in order to effectively provide quality physical education to individuals with disabilities.

### Standard 11 CONSULTATION AND STAFF DEVELOPMENT

As more students with disabilities are included in the general education program, teachers will provide more consultation and staff development activities for colleagues. This will require sensitivity and excellent communication skills. The dynamics of interdisciplinary cooperation in the consultation process requires knowledge of several consultative models. This standard identifies key competencies an adapted physical educator should know related to consultation and staff development.

# **Standard 12 STUDENT & PROGRAM EVALUATION**

Program evaluation is a process of which student assessment is only a part. It



involves evaluation of the entire range of educational services. Few physical educators are formally trained for program evaluation, as national standards for programs have only recently become available. Therefore, any program evaluation that has been conducted is typically specific to the school or district, or

limited to a small range of parameters such as number of students scoring at a certain level of a physical fitness test. Adapted physical education programs or outcomes for students with disabilities are almost never considered in this process.

#### **Standard 13 CONTINUING EDUCATION**

The goal of this standard is to focus on APE teachers remaining current in their field. A variety of opportunities for professional development are available. Course work at a local college or university is just one avenue. APE teachers can take advantage of workshops, seminars and presentations at conferences, conventions or in service training. Distance learning opportunities are also becoming abundant.

#### Standard 14 ETHICS

A fundamental premise of the Adapted Physical Education National Standards Project is that those who seek and meet the standards to be certified as adapted physical educators will strive at all times to adhere to the highest of ethical standards in providing programs and services for children and youth with disabilities. This standard has been developed to ensure that its members not only understand the importance of sound ethical practices, but also adhere to and advance such practices.

#### **Standard 15 COMMUNICATION**

In recent years, the role of the professional in APE has evolved from being a direct service provider to include communicating with families and other professionals in order to enhance program instruction for individuals with disabilities. This standard includes information regarding the APE teacher effectively communicating with families and other professionals using a team approach in order to enhance service delivery to individuals with disabilities.

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